$\overline{\mathbf{E S R} \mathbf{F}}$ | The European Synchrotron


## Status of the High Power Laser Facility on ESRF/ID24

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## ACO-CHOCOLAS

Groupe de recherche CRIS

## DYCOMAX

## Extreme conditions

for geophysics and planetary science extra solar planets, warm dense matter


## Dynamic behavior of matter and materials under high strain rates

impacts, spallation, materials synthesis, plasticity, phase transitions kinetics, nucleation...


## HIGH POWER LASER FACILITY PROJECT

## HPLF-I (2018-2021) :

Couple a 100 J ns-shaped laser to XAS on ID24
Front End commissioning and first experiments performed in 2018.


HPLF-II (from 2023) EBS Beamline program To be approved
Extend to XRD, XRI, XES on ID23 Laser upgrade to 200 J IR / 140 J Green

## HPLF PROJECT PHASE I TIMELINE

## Laser-induced dynamic compression coupled to XAS on ID24

2017: Phase I (2018-2021) approved, CFT for a 100 J ns-shaped laser awarded to

2018: Delivery and commissioning of the laser front end Experiments 2018
See talk from K. Voigt and A. Amouretti this afternoon at 2:00 PM (UTC+01:00)
$15 \mathrm{~J}, 10 \mathrm{~ns}$
arizor
HELMHOLTZ
$\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { ZENTRUM DRESDEN } \\ & \text { ROSSENDORE }\end{aligned}\right.$
ROSSENDORF

## 

2019-2020: EBS upgrade - Infrastructure realization ID24 upgrade for EBS and HPLF

2021: Full HPLF laser delivery, ID24 re-commissioning 100 J ns-shaped laser, transport, interaction chamber

Beamline ID24

## ID24 DCM/ED for EBS Energy Dispersive Branch



## ID24-ED remains unchanged

## Target experiments on ID24-ED

- Dynamic compression
- Pulsed magnetic field
- 2D/3D hyperspectral maps
- EBS is expected to deliver up to a factor 3 increase in flux at high energies
- A factor 5 at low energy ( $5-7 \mathrm{keV}$ ) is expected as the beamline will be operated windowless

Additional items:

- New X-ray mirrors
- Vacuum refurbishment
- Upgraded version of the fast XH detector
- New control system (BLISS)
- Graphical User Interfaces
- Optimized sample environments


## ENERGY DISPERSIVE GEOMETRY FOR XAS

- Bent Si crystal with elliptical shape $\rightarrow$ energy-dispersed X-ray fan
- Position Sensitive Detector: $\rightarrow$ a few 100s of eV simultaneously
- Fast-response synchronized PSD:
$\rightarrow$ single-shot/single bunch XAS


Dispersive $(\theta-2 \theta)$ geometry where $\theta$ depends on the $X$-rays energy $\rightarrow$ sample and sample environment move with X-ray energy
poly-
chromator
$8^{\circ} \equiv 28$
keV
poly-
chromator
$47^{\circ} \equiv 5$ keV



## LASER DRIVE

## Premiumlite Glass 100 J @ 1 $\omega$

- Temporal shaping: 4-15 ns
- SSD
- 1 shot / 4 minutes
- Top-Hat profile


Upgradable to 200 J
6.5 m

Possibility of SHG

Synchronization from SR RF using ESRF-developed electronics (White Rabbit based), jitter from X-ray pulses < 50 ps

## LASER DRIVE

## @ Amplitude facility



[^0]
## LASER DRIVE

## Preliminary characterization at Amplitude's factory

52.3 J @ 0.1 Hz
$1.7 \%$ RMS over 480 shots ( 80 min )

Near field @ output with SSD


10 ns squares


- Rise time ~ 300 ps
- ns contrast > $10^{5}$

- Ability to switch easily from one to the other


## XH FAST DETECTOR



Ge sensor:

- 1024 strips ( $50 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ pitch)
- Back illuminated
- Two guard-rings

Improved cryostat:

- Ge sensor @ 100 K
- Front-end electronics (~12W) @ 230 K

Front-end + DAQ designed by
Science \& Technology Facilities Council

- Variable preamplifier gain.
- Minimum integration time: 100 ns
- Readout time: $2 \mu \mathrm{~s}$
- Repetition rate: $2.8 \mu \mathrm{~s}$

Borri M. et al., NIMPR-A, 988 (2021) 164932


4-bunch


MIRION
TECHNOLOGIES


## 2 in-vacuum microscopes:

- Upstream, larger FoV (color)
- Downstream, higher depth resolution (monochrome)


## EUCALL-compatible target holder



[^1]
## INTERACTION CHAMBER



Viewports available for


## SHOCK DIAGNOSTICS COLLABORATION

－ 1 VERDI 5W from CEA
－ 1 Line VISAR from U．Oxford


Courtesy of D．Eakins

## diode

etalon stage（LTS）
multi－mode fibre

「゙ニロス
HELMHOLTZ ZENTRUM DRESDEN ROSSENDORF

## PARAMETERS

HPLF adjustable parameters:

## X-rays

- X-rays energy: 5-28 keV (Day-1: 5-11 keV)
- X-rays pulse: $\approx 100 \mathrm{ps}$ FWHM (fixed)
- X-rays spot: $10 \times 100 \mu \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ down to $5 \times 5 \mu^{2}(\mathrm{H} \times \mathrm{V})$ (energy dependent)


## Laser

- Laser energy: 1-100 J (@ 1053 nm) (Day-1: 50? J max)
- Laser temporal shape: 4-15 ns (flat top, adjustable, Day-1: rectangular only)
- Laser spot size on target: $\varnothing 100,250$ and $500 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ HPP
- Rep. rate: single shot up to 1 shot / 4 min
- X-rays/Laser delay adjustable
- Users' targets!
$\rightarrow$ Round table tomorrow at 4:30 PM (UTC+01:00)


## FUTURE EVOLUTIONS

## Laser upgrades

- Energy up to 200 J @ $1 \omega$
- Second Harmonic: 140 J @ 2w
- Deformable mirror


## Shock diagnostics

- VISAR
- A second Line-VISAR (ideally at a different wavelength)
- A pulsed laser for VISAR

VISAR and SOP are crucial to determine P/T conditions

## X-rays

- XRD, XRI and XES on a second beamline (HPLF-II)
$\rightarrow$ Round table tomorrow at 4:30 PM (UTC+01:00)


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${ }^{2}$ Scientist in charge

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## Questions?


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